US Pony Holdings, LLC v Fashion Footwear LLC

2024 NY Slip Op 31089(U)

April 1, 2024

Supreme Court, New York County

Docket Number: Index No. 655022/2022

Judge: Melissa A. Crane

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This opinion is uncorrected and not selected for official publication.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 254

INDEX NO. 655022/2022

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 04/01/2024

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK **NEW YORK COUNTY**

PRESENT: HON. MELISSA A. CRANE		PART		60M
	Justice			
	X	INDEX NO.		655022/2022
US PONY HOLDINGS, LLC,		MOTION DAT	E.	N/A, N/A
Plaintiff,		MOTION SEQ. NO.		005 006
- V -				
FASHION FOOTWEAR LLC,		DECISION + ORDER ON MOTION		
Defendant.		'		714
	X			
FASHION FOOTWEAR LLC			Third-F	Party
		Index No. 595052/2023		
Plaintiff,	•		i	
-against-	•			
ICON DE HOLDINGS LLC	·			
Defendant.	X			
The following e-filed documents, listed by NYS 193, 194, 195, 196, 198, 202, 203, 204, 205, 20			 05) 189	9, 190, 191, 192,
were read on this motion to/for	VACATE/STRIKE - NOTE OF ISSUE/JURY DEMAND/FROM TRIAL CALENDAR .			
The following e-filed documents, listed by NYS 185, 186, 187, 188, 197, 211, 212, 213, 214, 2			06) 181	1, 182, 183, 184,
were read on this motion to/for	DISCOVERY .			
Defendant/Counterclaim Plaintiff Fa	ashion Footwear	LLC ("Fashio	on") ha	as moved for an
order compelling Plaintiff US Pony Holding	gs, LLC ("Pony")	to produce do	cumen	ats in response to
Requests 4, 13, 14, 17, 18, 21, 22, and 29 of	f Fashion's First S	Set of Request	s for t	he Production of
Documents (MS 06). Additionally, because	e Pony already fil	ed the note o	f issue	e on January 18,
2024, certifying that the parties had comple	eted all necessary	discovery (N	ote of	Issue, NYSCEF

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Doc. No. 170), Fashion has also moved to vacate that note of issue to allow for the additional discovery that it seeks in the motion to compel (MS 05).

The court denies Fashion's motion to compel. A party is not entitled to discovery where the party fails to show that the discovery is material and necessary to the prosecution or defense of claims in the case (*Pacelli v Peter L. Cedeno & Associates, P.C.*, 192 AD3d 560 [1st Dept 2021] [holding that plaintiffs were not entitled to information "unrelated to any elements of their claims"]; *Foster v Snow*, 221 AD3d 405, 406 [1st Dept 2023] [holding that the court "providently exercised its discretion in denying defendants' motion to compel" where the defendants "failed to show that this discovery was relevant and necessary to their defense of plaintiffs' claims"]). Further, a court will not enforce a discovery demand based on "hypothetical speculation[] calculated to justify a fishing expedition" (*see AQ Asset Management LLC v Levine*, 138 AD3d 635, 636 [1st Dept 2016] [citation and internal quotation marks omitted]).

Fashion seeks discovery related to Genesco, the licensee that allegedly replaced Fashion after Pony purportedly terminated its license agreement with Fashion. Fashion asserts that this discovery is relevant to show that Pony acted in bad faith in purportedly terminating the license agreement with Fashion. Fashion argues that Pony "intentionally breached the Pony License as a pretext for . . . replacing Fashion with Genesco" (Motion to Compel Opening Papers, NYSCEF Doc. No. 188, p. 2). Fashion asserts that this showing of bad faith would allow it to avoid an exculpatory clause in the license agreement that would otherwise bar Fashion's lost profits claim (*id.*; *see* License Agreement, NYSCEF Doc. No. 183, § 18.7). Fashion also asserts that Pony's alleged bad faith precludes Pony's equitable estoppel defense. The court rejects these theories.

An exculpatory clause such as section 18.7 is unenforceable when enforcement would immunize conduct that "smacks of intentional wrongdoing" (*Electron Trading, LLC v Morgan*

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Stanley & Co. LLC, 157 AD3d 579, 580-581 [1st Dept 2018] [citations and internal quotation marks omitted]). However, this type of intentional wrongdoing is that which is "unrelated to any legitimate economic self-interest" (id., citing Devash v German Am. Capital Corp., 104 AD3d 71, 77 [1st Dept 2013]). Here, all the evidence suggests that Fashion understood Pony was terminating the license agreement so that Pony could relaunch the brand (see Email from Morris Abraham of Fashion to Marcel Apfel of Iconix, NYSCEF Doc. No. 218 [stating that he "underst[ood] that the new owners want to take the brand upstairs" and trying to caution Iconix against "relaunching the brand"]). Regardless of whether Pony breached its license agreement with Fashion, Fashion has failed to provide any support for the claim that such breach was in bad faith to get around the exculpatory clause or Pony's equitable estoppel defense. Fashion's request for documents relating to Genesco's performance under the Genesco license appears to rely on the wholly speculative theory that "if Genesco failed to perform its obligations . . . and Pony did not terminate that license in response, it would tend to prove that Pony favored Genesco" (Motion to Compel Opening Papers, p. 12 [emphasis added]). Fashion has provided no support for its suggestion that Genesco's work was at all deficient, and this therefore amounts to an improper fishing expedition.

The court denies Fashion's motion to compel because there is no claim or defense to which the Genesco discovery would be relevant. Further, because Fashion's only purported basis for vacating the note of issue is to complete additional discovery related to Genesco, which the court has denied, the court also denies the motion to vacate the note of issue.

The court has considered the parties' remaining contentions and found them unavailing. Accordingly, it is

ORDERED that Defendant/Counterclaim Plaintiff Fashion Footwear LLC's motion to vacate the note of issue (MS 05) is denied; and it is further

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ORDERED that Defendant/Counterclaim Plaintiff Fashion Footwear LLC's motion to compel discovery (MS 06) is denied.

04/01/2024 MELISSA A. CRANE, J.S.C. DATE **CHECK ONE:** CASE DISPOSED NON-FINAL DISPOSITION x DENIED GRANTED GRANTED IN PART APPLICATION: SETTLE ORDER SUBMIT ORDER

INCLUDES TRANSFER/REASSIGN

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CHECK IF APPROPRIATE:

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OTHER

REFERENCE

FIDUCIARY APPOINTMENT