Anonymous WC v Diocese of Brooklyn

2024 NY Slip Op 31213(U)

April 8, 2024

Supreme Court, Kings County

Docket Number: Index No. 502043/2020

Judge: Alexander M. Tisch

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This opinion is uncorrected and not selected for official publication.

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NYSCEF DOC. NO. 54

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 04/09/2024

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK KINGS COUNTY

PRESENT: HON. ALEXANDER M. HSCH			PARI	18/CVA	
		•	Justice		
	*		X	INDEX NO.	502043/2020
ANONYMOUS WC,			; ;	MOTION DATE	3/20/2024
		Plaintiff,			
				MOTION SEQ. NO.	002
	HURCH D/B/	AND ST. CECILIA R A ST. CECILIA CHUI			
		Defendants.		DECISION + ORDER ON MOTION	
			X	•	
				(14 -4 000)	
_		nts, listed by NYSCE			
were read on the	nis motion to/f	or	VACATE – D	ECISION/ORDER/.II	IDGMENT .

BACKGROUND

On January 27, 2020, the Plaintiff commenced this action pursuant to the New York Child Victims Act ("CVA"), CPLR 214-g, by filing a Summons and Complaint naming defendants the Diocese of Brooklyn and St. Cecilia Roman Catholic Church d/b/a St. Cecilia Church – Divine Mercy Parish asserting causes of action for Negligent Hiring, Retention and Supervision, and Respondeat Superior/Vicarious Liability Outrage and Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress. Plaintiff alleges that in approximately 1982 to 1985, when Plaintiff was approximately 10 to 14 years old and a parishioner at St. Cecilia's, he was sexually abused by non-party Patrick Sexton ("Fr. Sexton") and non-party Francis Capellupo ("Fr. Capellupo), who were then priests at St. Cecilia's. As a result of the alleged sexual abuse, Plaintiff alleged that he sustained physical and psychological injuries.

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PROCEDURAL HISTORY

On or about October 17, 2022 at a Compliance Conference regarding the cases proceeding

against Fr. Patrick Sexton, this Court ordered counsel for St. Cecilia's to provide responses to

Plaintiff's Standard Automatic Disclosures and Combined Demands on or before April 3, 2023.

On or about September 21, 2023, St. Cecilia's produced its responses to Plaintiff's

Standard Automatic Disclosures and Plaintiff's Standard Combined Demands. The only

documents produced was St. Cecilia's certificate of incorporation and Plaintiff's sacramental

records — twelve pages in total plus some insurance information that may or may not be relevant.

Plaintiff received no other documents or communication from St. Cecilia's in response to

this Court's Order. None of the documents identify the Plaintiff, the alleged perpetrator, any of

the Plaintiff's family, or any employees or volunteers of St. Cecilia's during the relevant time

period. None of the documents are sacramental records, school records or other records from the

relevant time period.

At a January 4, 2024 Compliance Conference, the Court ordered St. Cecilia's to produce a

Jackson affidavit in the event it claims no records exist responsive to any discovery request. The

Court also ordered St. Cecilia's to produce a witness for deposition on or before April 26, 2024.

THE PENDING MOTION

St. Cecilia's now moves for an order vacating that part of this Court's prior order directing

them to produce a Jackson type affidavit, substantiating their claim that they have no further

responsive documents to produce other than the twelve pages of paper discovery already provided.

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For the reasons set forth below, the motion is denied.

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DISCUSSION

Plaintiff argues that the motion does not lie pursuant to CPLR 5015(a). However, as the order was made at a conference and without notice, St. Cecilia's is entitled to move to vacate the order, so that it will have a vehicle for appellate review Velasquez v. C.F.T., Inc., 267 A.D.2d 229, 230 (1999). Additionally, this Court specifically allowed for such motion in the order to ensure St. Cecilia's rights to appellate review would be preserved. As such, the Court will address the merits of the motion.

St. Cecilia's argues that it should not be required to provide a Jackson type affidavit because it is not required to by the CPLR. Alternatively, St. Cecilia's argues that the Court order was vague because it did not specify what is expected to be included in the Jackson type affidavit. Finally, St. Cecilia's asserts that four years into this litigation it is premature for the Court to require such an affidavit.

The Court finds these arguments unpersuasive.

Jackson v. City of New York, 586 N.Y.S.2d 952 (1st Dep't 1992) has been interpreted to require an affidavit from a record searcher to confirm that documents requested as a part of discovery have been completely searched for and not found.

New York courts have required *Jackson* affidavits in a wide array of cases, and contrary to movant's argument these holdings in no way require that the facts of the case must align with those in Jackson v. City of New York, 586 N.Y.S.2d 952 (1st Dep't 1992). Rather the affidavits are generally used when a party asserts that it has no documents in response to a discovery demand. See eg Bankers Conseco Life Ins. Co. v. KPMG LLP, 185 N.Y.S.3d 651 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. 2023); Agius v. Gray Line Corp., 169 N.Y.S.3d 800 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. 2022); Frank v. Morgans Hotel Grp. Mgmt. LLC, 139 N.Y.S.3d 521 (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. 2021); Mesropian v

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Providence Care, Inc. 67 Misc.3d 1235Z(A)(Sup. Ct. Kings Cnty. 2020); WMC Mortg. Corp. v. Vandermulen 32 Misc.3d 1206(A)(Sup. Ct. Suffolk Cnty. 2011); Lynx Capital Partners of NJ, LLC v Nayes Capital LLC 217 AD3d 571(2nd Dept 2023); Anuchina v Marine Transport Logistics, Inc. 216 AD3d 1126 (2nd Dept 2023); Hassn v. Armouth International, Inc. 74 Misc.3d 1204(a) (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. 2022); Matityahu v Miller 75 Misc3d 1233(A) (Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty. 2022).

To the extent St. Cecilia's argues the order requiring a *Jackson* affidavit is vague and it is certain what is required to comply, the Court finds said argument is not raised in good faith. As noted, the order was issued after a conference with the parties. At the conference the affidavit and what it was to include were specifically addressed and discussed at length. Additionally, the case law in the moving papers cited by St. Cecilia's is replete with explanations as to what constitutes a *Jackson* affidavit. But to be clear the Court will now underscore in writing what it expects such an affidavit to contain:

When the response to a discovery request is, in effect, that there are no responsive documents within the party's custody, possession, or control, that party must provide a detailed statement, under oath, by someone with direct knowledge of the facts setting forth the past and present status of the relevant documents; where they were kept; what efforts, if any, were made to preserve them; the circumstances surrounding their disappearance or destruction; and the means and methods used to conduct a search for them (*Jackson v. City of New York.* 185 A.D.2d 768, 770; *Dziegielewsky v. Advanced Integrative Wellness, LLC*, Sup Ct, Nassau County, March 9, 2010, Murphy, J., at 2 [2010 WL 1515585]; *Tower Ins. Co. of New York v. Headley*, Sup Ct, New York County, August 11, 2009, Stallman, J., at 4 [2009 WL 2578547]; *Lazzaro v. MJM Industries, Inc.*, Sup Ct, New York, April 7, 2003, Jones, J., at 3 [2003 WL 25573908]). In short, the affidavit submitted must provide the court with a basis to find that the search conducted was a thorough one or that it was conducted in a good faith effort to provide the necessary records to the plaintiff (*Jackson v. City of New York, supra* at 770).

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WMC Mortg. Corp. v. Vandermulen, 32 Misc. 3d 1206(A)(Sup. Ct. 2011).

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In the instant case, the documents requested by Plaintiff are part of Court-Ordered Demands contained in the Case Management Orders and are central to the issued raised in this action. St. Cecilia's has asserted it has no documents in response to the majority of Plaintiff's discovery demands. Despite multiple requests, St. Cecilia's has refused to supplement its responses or provide Plaintiffs with a detailed account of its efforts to preserve, collect, and search for potentially responsive information.

Nor does the Court find that the requirement is premature. We are now four years into this litigation, almost no paper discovery has been produced and Defendant's witness has yet to be deposed.

Based on the foregoing, the motion to vacate that part of this Court's prior order requiring

Defendant to provide a *Jackson* type affidavit is denied.

4/8/24		
DATE		HON. ALEXANDER M. TISCH, J.S.C.
CHECK ONE:	CASE DISPOSED GRANTED X DENIED	x NON-FINAL DISPOSITION GRANTED IN PART OTHER
APPLICATION: CHECK IF APPROPRIATE:	SETTLE ORDER INCLUDES TRANSFER/REASSIGN	SUBMIT ORDER FIDUCIARY APPOINTMENT REFERENCE

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