1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	JOSEPH AND SHEILA SAINT,
5	Appellant,
6	-against-
7	No. 35 SYRACUSE SUPPLY COMPANY,
8	Respondent.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207
11	February 12, 2015
12	Before:
13	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM ASSOCIATE JUDGE LESLIE E. STEIN
16	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE M. FAHEY
17	Appearances:
18	TIMOTHY MICHAEL HUDSON, ESQ. PAUL WILLIAM BELTZ, P.C.
19	Attorneys for Appellant 36 Church Street
20	Buffalo, NY 14202
21	BRIAN P. CROSBY, ESQ. GIBSON, MCASKILL & CROSBY, LLP
22	Attorneys for Respondent 69 Delaware Avenue, Suite 900
23	Buffalo, NY 14202
24	
25	Sara Winkeljohn Official Court Transcriber

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Number 35, Saint v. 2 Syracuse Supply. 3 Counsel, would you like any rebuttal time? MR. HUDSON: Yes, Your Honor. May I have 4 two minutes, please? Timothy Hud - - -5 6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Two minutes. Sure, 7 go ahead, counsel. 8 MR. HUDSON: Timothy Hudson on behalf of 9 Joseph and Sheila Saint. Your Honors, there were a 10 number of issues raised in - - -11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, tell us 12 about the sign, the - - - the particular job here 13 that - - - that was being performed. And the 14 difference is, is it - - - is it new, is it an 15 expansion, is it just putting a new sign over it? What - - - what's going on here? What exactly is the 16 17 nature of this work that's being done, which 18 obviously informs to a significant degree what the 19 result - - - the outcome of this case is. 20 MR. HUDSON: Yes, Your Honor. It's an 2.1 existing billboard structure, a V-shaped - - - shaped structure, onto which billboard extensions or 22 23 alterations were to be erected. 24 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What does that mean?

It's just making it a little larger or - - -

1	MR. HUDSON: No, Your Honor. It's changing
2	the the composition and configuration of the
3	structure.
4	JUDGE PIGOTT: Like if you put the head of
5	a lawyer up above the whole rest of the
6	MR. HUDSON: That's exactly, right, Judge.
7	And a picture's worth a thousand words. It's at page
8	948 of the record.
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So it's like in
10	your mind, it's like a new construction?
11	MR. HUDSON: It it's it's a
12	- it's an alteration and expansion.
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Or certainly greatly
14	modified.
15	MR. HUDSON: That's correct, Your Honor.
16	It is.
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And how does that
18	impact on what we have to decide?
19	MR. HUDSON: Well, Your Honor, because part
20	of the overall project involved not just swapping the
21	vinyl from the west face to the east face or the east
22	face to the west face, but the erection of these,
23	which were already on the structure. Under Prats
24	this is an altering. And, accordingly, it should

fall within the framework of 240 of the Labor Law.

1 Independent - - -2 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about Muno - - -3 Munoz? MR. HUDSON: Munoz didn't deal with a facts 4 5 - - - the facts of this case, which were the erection 6 of an extension or an alteration. 7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So Munoz was what, 8 was just cosmetic? 9 MR. HUDSON: Well, Your Honor, it - - - the 10 court found it to be cosmetic because it was the 11 installation of pre-pasted vinyls by one - - - or 12 pre-pasted, excuse me, paper by one worker. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But what - - - what's 14 the test, then, whether it's cosmetic or an 15 alternation? 16 MR. HUDSON: Well, Your Honor, the - - -17 the test is the Joblon test, the - - - the 18 significant physical change. But - - - and I would 19 sugg - - -20 JUDGE READ: That's the extensions here? 2.1 MR. HUDSON: Well, the extension - - - the 22 - - - those are the extensions here, Your Honor. 23 it - - - it - - - it's a significant change. These 24 are bolted on and the testimony in the record is that

this is - - - this is particularized work. The weld

1 - - - the workers have welding equipment with them, 2 because sometimes they have to cut the stringer and extensions to length in order to install them. 3 They're - - -4 5 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: How do they get the 6 bolts up, counsel? 7 MR. HUDSON: I'm sorry, Your Honor? 8 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: How do they get the 9 bolts up? Are the bolts big enough for them to carry 10 up on a ladder or however they get up there, or do 11 they have to use another piece of equipment to get 12 the bolts up? 13 MR. HUDSON: Yes, Your Honor. To - - to 14 get the - - - the vinyls and the extensions, they 15 need a crane, and they utilized a crane to get them 16 onto the structure in this case. 17 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: So that makes it more 18 like a construction site of some sort? 19 MR. HUDSON: Correct, Your Honor, and 20 there's a - - - a theme permeating all of the court's altering cases is the nature of the work and the - -2.1 - the hazards to which these workers are involved. 22 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do they - - - do 24 they, on a - - - on a normal - - - you know, where

you're changing the sign, do they use a crane or

whatever? Or is it very different equipment when 1 2 you're just, you know, pasting over a sign as opposed 3 to what was going on here? MR. HUDSON: Well, the - - - the record 5 makes clear that, Judge, that on - - - on some of 6 these super-vinyl cases - - -7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right. 8 MR. HUDSON: - - - where they have these 9 fifty-foot-long vinyls, they need the cranes on 10 those. Lamar, the plaintiff's employer, has a 11 different department called bill posters who are more 12 like the plaintiffs in the Munoz case. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Who were just 14 changing the sign? 15 MR. HUDSON: Who are - - - who are putting up pre-pasted smaller sections kind of akin to 16 17 wallpapering. These are giant fifty-foot vinyls, and 18 in addition to that, they have these - - - these 19 alterations that are extended and bolted onto - - -20 onto the structure itself, made from wood and metal. 2.1 And, you know, there is the potential of - - -22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I guess what I'm 23 asking you - - -24 MR. HUDSON: Yes. 25 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - are they very

1	different processes to to use the to
2	paste something over as opposed to doing what was
3	going on here?
4	MR. HUDSON: The process at at work
5	here is very different from the process described in
6	Munoz.
7	JUDGE FAHEY: Can I just ask, the
8	dimensions of the sign before the work started, what
9	were they, if you remember?
LO	MR. HUDSON: The the regular face of
L1	the billboard, Judge, is forty-eight by fourteen.
L2	JUDGE FAHEY: And and was it going to
L3	be bigger after the work was completed?
L4	MR. HUDSON: It was no longer
L5	going to be rectangular.
L6	JUDGE FAHEY: What were the dimensions
L7	going to be after the work was completed?
L8	MR. HUDSON: It it would be
L9	irregular, Judge. It would I believe that the
20	record is that it would still be forty-eight feet
21	long long.
22	JUDGE FAHEY: Um-hum.
23	MR. HUDSON: But far wider because there
24	would be these four extensions of the

JUDGE FAHEY: So that's the core of your

1	alteration argument then?
2	MR. HUDSON: That is the the core of
3	the altering argument, Judge.
4	JUDGE FAHEY: Okay.
5	MR. HUDSON: But independent from that, the
6	court below tossed out plaintiff's 241(6) argument,
7	which is a completely different standard and
8	and should not be overlooked by this court regardless
9	of what the court does with the altering argument.
10	JUDGE FAHEY: Address 240(2), would you,
11	240(2)? I I know you brought it up in
12	MR. HUDSON: Yes, Your Honor.
13	JUDGE FAHEY: I thought he fell from ten
14	feet and this that's a twenty-foot statute, I
15	thought, so
16	MR. HUDSON: Oh, he was exposed to a fall
17	of fifty-nine feet, and around
18	JUDGE FAHEY: Yeah, but when he fell, I
19	thought the record showed he fell from about ten
20	feet.
21	MR. HUDSON: No he
22	JUDGE FAHEY: I I could be wrong, but
23	that's what I thought.
24	MR. HUDSON: He fell a distance of

approximately ten to fifteen feet, Judge, from the

upper interior catwalk to the lower - - - to a piece 1 2 of the crossbar of the structure that was about ten 3 feet below. JUDGE FAHEY: I see. So he was more than 4 5 twenty feet from the ground, then. So that's how you 6 think 240(2) applies? 7 MR. HUDSON: Correct, Your Honor. He was 8 fifty-nine feet from the ground at around page 310 of 9 the record. 10 JUDGE FAHEY: Okay. No, I got it. That's 11 good. Thank you. 12 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What about 241(6)? 13 Go ahead. 14 MR. HUDSON: 241(6) applies to 15 construction, Judge. It - - - and it's broader than 16 240(1). 17 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So you think it's 18 clearly within the - - - the parameters of 241(6)? 19 MR. HUDSON: Yes, Your Honor. And the - -20 - the Commissioner of Labor indicated that it should 2.1 be. Under this court's precedent in Joblon and in 22 Nagel, the court is to look to the definitions of 23 construction work within the Industrial Code, which 24 includes broad language including, but not limited 25

to, the structural installation of any building

materials of any kind for any purpose. It says, you know, wood, metal, plastic, or any other building materials of any kind for any purpose.

2.1

And I would submit to the court that - - that this falls squarely within the illustration
contained within the illustration of the Industrial
Code's definition of construction work, which, as
this court set forth in Joblon and in Nagel, is the
test to apply. So regardless of what the court does
with - - - with the 240 altering case, this is
definitely a construction case within the meaning of
241(6).

JUDGE RIVERA: Does the labor take much longer?

MR. HUDSON: I'm sorry, Judge?

JUDGE RIVERA: Does the labor take much longer for - - - in - - - in the case of what the plaintiff did here than, say, what the employer was doing in Munoz?

MR. HUDSON: In Munoz, it - - - it can,

Your Honor. That - - - that's the short answer. The

- - - this is custom work and around page 170 to

about 190 of the record there - - - there's a

discussion of what's involved on each of these

projects. The installation of the vinyls themselves,

1	which are part of this project, they they're -
2	they're the rectangular components of the
3	advertising copy, that is different from the
4	the customized part which, again, are these
5	extensions that are already elevated by crane on the
6	structure and then are physically bolted to the
7	structure. And it can take more time.
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
9	Thanks. You want you want anything added? You
10	still have about a half a minute.
11	MR. HUDSON: No, Your Honor, unless there
12	are any questions.
13	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay. You'll have
14	your rebuttal.
15	MR. HUDSON: Thank you.
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counselor?
17	MR. CROSBY: May it please the court, Brian
18	Crosby for Syracuse Supply.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, let's deal
20	with the alteration issue first.
21	MR. CROSBY: Sure.
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why isn't this very
23	different than the Munoz kind of situation where it's
24	described as just a paste-over? Here, you're
25	changing the configuration of the sign. Why isn't

1	that an alteration or whatever you want to call it,
2	construction or modification?
3	MR. CROSBY: For a number of reasons, Your
4	Honor.
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead.
6	MR. CROSBY: Number one, this is,
7	essentially, a decorative modification. In other
8	words, what they're
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But is it structural?
10	MR. CROSBY: It is not structural. It is
11	not structural. It doesn't it does not
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Explain explain
13	the difference.
14	MR. CROSBY: It does not change the
15	structure at all.
16	JUDGE READ: Doesn't it change the shape?
17	MR. CROSBY: It changes the shape on a
18	temporary basis. No question about that. All it's -
19	
20	JUDGE READ: That's not enough?
21	MR. CROSBY: That's not enough.
22	JUDGE STEIN: What would you need
23	what would you need to be changing the structure?
24	MR. CROSBY: Well, if you look at
25	JUDGE STEIN: You have a pole, you have a

1 big thing up there. What - - - what would change the 2 structure of that? 3 MR. CROSBY: Something that would change the structure is something that's permanent in 4 5 nature, such as you have in Joblon where they went through a wall, where they pulled wires through and 6 7 connected them and they were - - -8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but isn't - - -9 isn't Joblon minor compared to what - - - what went 10 on here? 11 MR. CROSBY: Oh, absolutely not, absolutely 12 not. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You're putting wires 14 through the - - - through the - - - the 15 hole is not minor compared to changing the whole 16 configuration of a big sign? 17 MR. CROSBY: Chiseling through a wall is 18 what they did in Joblon. They've got a - - -19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, chiseling 20 through a wall. Where do you draw the line? How are 2.1 we able to say that changing the shape is not - - -22 is not - - - I don't - - - I don't quite get why it's 23 not an alteration. 24 MR. CROSBY: You're not changing the shape

of the structure itself. These - - -

1 JUDGE PIGOTT: Suppose - - - and I'll make 2 you an expert in billboards. When you're - - - when 3 you're driving down the 190 and you look up at a billboard and it's for gasoline and you look down to 4 5 check your qua - - and then you look up again and now 6 it's for pills, because somehow these - - - these 7 boards have changed so that they change every thirty 8 seconds or so. 9 MR. CROSBY: Electronic, yes. 10 JUDGE PIGOTT: When that went in, would 11 that have been a change in the structure? 12 MR. CROSBY: Yes, it would have, in the 13 sense that they would have had to wire it. 14 would have had to change the face. They would have 15 had to make structural differences to the - - - the billboard itself. 16 17 JUDGE PIGOTT: Even though the - - - the 18 out - - - the exterior structure would have remained 19 the same? 20 MR. CROSBY: That's correct. But here, 2.1 there is no structural change - - -22 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Wouldn't that be 23 temporary, counsel, because couldn't they just make 24 it a single billboard at some point?

MR. CROSBY: They could stop using it, but

they would have changed the face of it. They'd have 1 2 to go back and change to a flat billboard again. 3 Here what - - -4 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, in this - - - in 5 this case, if the shape changes because you're 6 putting - - - you're adding on some other kind of 7 platform so that you can put a different kind of sign 8 up, wouldn't that be changing the shape? 9 MR. CROSBY: The change is - - -10 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: And wouldn't that be 11 altering? 12 MR. CROSBY: On a temporary basis, it 13 changes the shape but does not change the structure. 14 There is nothing that is done to the structure. The 15 way this is put on - - -JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: You're bolting iron 16 17 that has to come up with a crane. That's not 18 changing the structure? 19 MR. CROSBY: Well, first of all, there's no 20 crane being used. There was a manlift that was being 2.1 used, which is much different. Secondly, there was 22 no welding being done. There was no welding 23 equipment on the premises at the time. What they 24 were doing initially was changing the vinyl, which

25

requires no tools.

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, where they planning to use welding equipment?

MR. CROSBY: I'm sorry?

2.1

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Were they planning to use welding equipment?

MR. CROSBY: No, the testimony is that welding equipment had nothing to do with this job.

With regard to the first part, the changing of the vinyl from one side to the other, which is what they did, that requires no tools at all, not even the brush that you had in Munoz. They were then going to do the Marineland on the other side, which was a vinyl that they would stretch, required no tools, had ratchet straps, and a pre-pasted addition that would go on the top that was prepared at the shop, not at the site.

The way it was put on was it was lifted up, it was put on top of the - - - the billboard, it was nailed with a couple of nails, and clamped with a clamp onto the structure with one bolt. That's all that was done. It would stay there for the period of time that that ad was - - - was paid for. When it was done, they would unbolt it - - -

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: For that period of time, it was alter - - - they altered the structure

1	of the sign, right? For that period of time?
2	MR. CROSBY: They altered Judge, they
3	alt altered the shape.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You're getting pretty
5	pretty
6	MR. CROSBY: They did not they did
7	not there was
8	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, aren't we
9	getting pretty fine here that we're supposed to
10	determine that they altered the shape but not the
11	structure?
12	MR. CROSBY: No, the difference, Your
13	Honor, is that when they take it off, the structure
14	is exactly as it was before.
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Oh, I see. So your
16	argument is the integrity of the structure remains
17	the same.
18	MR. CROSBY: That's correct.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And this is
20	temporarily altering or superimposing on the
21	your argument is they're superimposing on the
22	structure a different shape? Is that what you're
23	saying?
24	MR. CROSBY: It is it is as I
25	think Munoz stated it, a decorative modification.

1 JUDGE STEIN: But when - - -2 MR. CROSBY: All it is is - - -3 JUDGE PIGOTT: It's a - - -4 MR. CROSBY: - - - a change in the 5 advertising face, but the structure itself, the 6 billboard itself - - -7 JUDGE RIVERA: So - - - so every time 8 another billboard goes up - - -9 JUDGE PIGOTT: A tree goes - - -10 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - they have to do a 11 different shape? Is it - - - is - - - is it - - - if I'm understanding your argument it's that the 12 13 skeleton remains but it can't be used without 14 constantly being changed to fit - - -MR. CROSBY: Well, it - - -15 16 JUDGE RIVERA: - - - whatever this ad is? 17 MR. CROSBY: No, an ad - - - the ad, for 18 example, in this case for Don Davis Car Dealership 19 that went from one side to the other, just went from 20 one side to the other. That's a standard size 2.1 decoration or advertisement. 22 JUDGE STEIN: So - - - so what - - - what 23 if you remove the wiring that had been put in that 24 was an alteration and - - - and, you know - - - and -25 - - and you decide to take that wiring out.

1	- then wouldn't you say that's only temporary
2	MR. CROSBY: No.
3	JUDGE STEIN: and it didn't change
4	the structure? Why?
5	MR. CROSBY: Because when you do that, you
6	would have put holes in it, you would have changed
7	what was in there before. You may have welded
8	something onto it to hold a box. There's
9	there's many changes that would have been made to the
10	structure itself. That's not what is here
11	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: There going to be no
12	holes in this thing?
13	MR. CROSBY: No.
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: No nothing? Say it
15	again? You're saying it's it's one bolt and
16	that's not enough. Is that your point?
17	MR. CROSBY: It's it's exactly.
18	It's put at the top.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's the only
20	MR. CROSBY: There are nail there are
21	nails through the plywood
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah.
23	MR. CROSBY: that are removed when
24	they take it down. And there's an angle iron on the
25	back

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What
2	MR. CROSBY: that sits on top
3	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but I don't
4	_
5	MR. CROSBY: with a
6	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but what I
7	don't
8	MR. CROSBY: clamp, and that clamp is
9	one bolt.
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What I don't get, and
11	maybe it's because I don't understand technically how
12	these things are done, I don't understand the
13	difference between a lot of these cases that seem
14	really minor work that that we say is
15	sufficient. And here, whether it's putting a bolt
16	in, whether it's putting nails in, I I don't
17	know, really, why it's any different than Joblon or
18	Weininger.
19	It seems to me that they seem minor to at
20	least the layperson, and maybe you have to be an
21	expert on these signs to understand what you're
22	talking about. But, certainly from a visceral
23	perspective, those seem rather minor, the other
24	cases. And this seems not so minor that you

you're putting in this new enlarged shape or

1 whatever, you know, you want to call it. And you got 2 to nail it in and you got to bolt it in. I don't 3 know what the difference is from a - - - a legal case 4 law perspective. I - - - I don't - - - I don't see 5 the sharp distinction from this case. So explain to 6 me, from someone with much more knowledge, what is it 7 that - - - that - - - what's the defining thing? 8 It's the number of bolts, the number of nails, it's a 9 wire, it's a - - - what is it? 10 MR. CROSBY: Well, the court seems to have 11 said that if there is a substantial modification, 12 which they found in Joblon, for example - - -13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right, go ahead. 14 MR. CROSBY: - - - where they went through 15 a wall and made a permanent change and brought wires 16 through, that that was considered - - - marginally, 17 according to the court, but - - -18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right, but couldn't 19 those wires come back out and they take them away? 20 MR. CROSBY: Yeah, but you still have the 2.1 hole in the wall. You've changed the structure and -22 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Well, we'll plaster 24 over the hole in the wall. Well - - - I'm serious.

What would happen then? So if we plaster it over,

1 it's back the way it was. You know, where do we draw 2 the line, I guess, is what I'm saying. MR. CROSBY: Well, I think if - - - if you 3 4 look at the cases, Your Honor, that have been found 5 to be substantial modifications, as you have pointed 6 out, with what appear on their face to be small - - -7 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah. 8 MR. CROSBY: - - - changes. 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: That's what I'm 10 saying, yeah. 11 MR. CROSBY: There are permanent changes to 12 the structure itself. Here - - - and there are a 13 number of cases that we cited that say just putting 14 bolts on, taking bolts off, loosening bolts - - - for 15 example, there's one case when they were taking down a banner - - - that is not a substantial 16 17 modification. When you take this addition off, the 18 whale of the tail, so to speak, at the end of the 19 day, when you take off that one bolt and you take out 20 those nails and take it down, that structure - - -2.1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but don't you 22 have - - - don't - - - don't you have little holes in 23 the structure that are permanent, unless you plaster 24 them over?

MR. CROSBY: Well, there - - - there are

1 cases, Your Honor, that we've cited that say nail 2 holes do not const - - -3 JUDGE STEIN: Wait, wait. Which is the substantial modification in the wiring case? Is it 4 5 the wiring or is it the hole that it leaves when you 6 take out the wiring? 7 MR. CROSBY: It - - - I believe that it is 8 a permanent change to the structure. 9 JUDGE STEIN: So - - - so then what about 10 the word substantial? That - - - that's irrelevant? 11 MR. CROSBY: Oh, no, no, no. 12 JUDGE STEIN: So you're saying it's - - -13 it's - - -14 MR. CROSBY: Absolutely not. 15 JUDGE STEIN: - - - a question of whether it's permanent, not a question of whether it's 16 17 substantial? 18 MR. CROSBY: Both. It's got - - - I 19 believe it has to be - - -20 JUDGE STEIN: Well, is one hole that's put 2.1 in so that the wiring can be put in, and maybe 22 there's a couple of little brackets or something, is 23 that substantial? Or - - I mean, we've held that -24 - - that - - - that wiring is substantial. But is it 25 the fact that all this wiring went into it, or is it

the fact that there's this one hole there? 1 2 MR. CROSBY: No, I think it's that there is 3 a permanent change to the building that - - - in that case you've chiseled through, you've required a 4 5 number of different things to have been done - - - an 6 electrician to tie it off, to put wires through, and 7 to tie it on, as opposed to here where you - - - all 8 you're doing is bolting something on and then 9 ultimately taking it off. 10 JUDGE STEIN: So then is it the amount of 11 work that goes into doing whatever they're doing? Or is it - - - I - - - I'm - - - it seems to be changing 12 13 every time you answer the question. 14 MR. CROSBY: Well, the cases that I've 15 seen, Your Honor, and that we cited and that counsel has cited, all seem to turn on the fact that there 16 17 has been a permanent change to the structure in some 18 fashion. That is not true when you have a temporary 19 addition that you can put on top and take off a month 20 later and the - - - the - - -2.1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 22 Thanks. 23 MR. CROSBY: Thank you. 24 JUDGE RIVERA: I just - - - I just want to 25

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Oh, sure. Judge 2 Rivera, go ahead. 3 JUDGE RIVERA: One - - - sorry. So just to clarify this last point you're making. So it is 4 5 irrelevant that you might actually be able, taking 6 the example of drilling the hole, to - - - to 7 reinstate the structure to its original condition. 8 It's irrelevant to this? 9 MR. CROSBY: It is irrelevant. Because - -10 11 JUDGE RIVERA: So - - - so it's still 12 permanent in your mind - - -13 MR. CROSBY: Because you have made - - -14 JUDGE RIVERA: In your - - - under your 15 argument, it is still permanent even though one 16 could, in fact - - - in some of these cases, very 17 easily - - - reinstate the structure to its original 18 condition? Because I'm not sure, then, how anything 19 is permanent - - -20 MR. CROSBY: Certainly, you can renovate -2.1 22 JUDGE RIVERA: What's the permanency? 23 MR. CROSBY: You can renovate any building, 24 Your Honor.

JUDGE RIVERA: Well, then, where's the

```
permanency? Isn't the point really the - - -
 1
                    MR. CROSBY: Well, the point is - - -
 2
 3
                    JUDGE RIVERA: - - - significant change,
          not the permanency? I guess that's what I'm asking.
 4
 5
                    MR. CROSBY: Well, I guess there - - - is
 6
          there anything that is truly permanent that could
 7
          never become - - -
 8
                    JUDGE FAHEY: That's a pretty - - -
 9
                    MR. CROSBY: - - - revised - - -
10
                    JUDGE FAHEY: - - - existential question
11
          for us.
12
                    MR. CROSBY: That's right.
13
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I - - - I think we're
14
          going beyond our job - - -
15
                    JUDGE RIVERA: And perhaps that's why the
          word's not in the statute. Thank you.
16
17
                    MR. CROSBY: Well - - -
18
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel.
19
          Thanks, counsel.
20
                    Counsel, where do - - - where do we draw
2.1
          the line in this - - - this kind of stuff? You know,
22
          you're - - - we're getting an education, so you
23
          educate us now.
24
                    MR. HUDSON: Thank you, Judge.
25
                    CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Where - - - where do
```

we draw the line? 1 2 MR. HUDSON: Well, you - - - the court has 3 already drove - - - drawn the line that permanency doesn't matter. And I would direct the court to Izrailev and to Panek. When both of those cases, 5 6 there has been no suggestion that the duration of a 7 change or the diva - - - duration of a structure 8 itself has any determination as to whether or not there is an altering. 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How many - - - let me 10 11 ask you a question. 12 MR. HUDSON: Yes, sir. 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: How many - - - how 14 many people were scheduled to work on this thing? 15 Were there - - -MR. HUDSON: Five originally, Judge. And 16 17 the reason - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Who are - - -18 19 MR. HUDSON: Yeah. 20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Someone mentioned 2.1 welders before. Were they in and out? 22 MR. HUDSON: No - - -23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What - - - what - - -24 what types of people were going to work on this 25 thing?

MR. HUDSON: Construction workers. This is the construction crew.

2.1

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What's their specialties or just a whole bunch of specialties?

MR. HUDSON: Well, they have construction train - - training, including the use of a crane. And whether you call it a crane or a bucket truck, it was there. It needed to be done to get these workers up fifty-nine feet. This is a major - - major change and major construction work. And the - - - you know, the theme that - - that permeates all of this court's Labor Law 240 type of analysis is, you know, what's going on here? Are these the workers the legislature meant to protect while working at these great heights? This isn't people working and - - and falling at a short distance. These are guys who have to get up onto - - onto a structure that's fifty-nine feet in the air by a high lift.

There's also been a - - - a lot made by defense counsel and by the amicus to try to minimize the work that these workers were doing. It's not a bolt. It's multiple bolts. That appears at Mr. Saint's testimony at page 192 of the record and also in Mr. Dellapenta's testimony in the record. And - - and further - - -

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel, could you 1 2 just - - -3 MR. HUDSON: Yes. 4 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: - - - again tell me 5 how the bolts are attached? 6 MR. HUDSON: Yes, Judge. So there are 7 these - - -8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You're continuing our 9 education. Go ahead. 10 MR. HUDSON: So there - - - part of these 11 alterations, these alterings, these extensions and 12 additions, part of them - - - they're partly made in 13 a fabrication center on the ground. And they're made 14 from wood and vinyl and other building materials and 15 metal. There's a piece of angle iron on them. 16 They're then lifted by bucket truck or crane onto the 17 structure, as they were that day. The crew has welders available to them, such as at page 176 of the 18 19 record; that's the testimony in this case. And they 20 are installed with the use of bolts onto a structure 2.1 - - - the V part of the structure's there - - - using 22 other angle iron, they're situated in shoes and they 23 are then bolted on. Typically, there's one bolt per 24 shoes and two shoes per extension.

JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: And what do - - - what

do the workers use to bolt them? That's what I'm trying to - - -MR. HUDSON: They use crescent wrenches or ratchets. They have a - - - a welder if it doesn't match right and they've got to adjust the height, but all of this done fifty-nine feet in the air by the construction crew. And, you know, regardless of how long the extension or the copy remains on the structure, this is a significant change to the structure under this court's precedent. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. Thank you both. Appreciate it. MR. HUDSON: Thank you. (Court is adjourned)

CERTIFICATION

I, Sara Winkeljohn, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of Joseph and Sheila Saint v. Syracuse Supply Company, No. 35 was prepared using the required

transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Considerica as 2

Signature:

Agency Name: eScribers

Address of Agency: 700 West 192nd Street

Suite # 607

New York, NY 10040

Date: February 17, 2015