**BRIBING A WITNESS

(Influencing Testimony)

Penal Law § 215.00(a)

(Committed on or after Sept. 1, 1967)**

The (*specify*) count is Bribing a Witness.

Under our law, a person is guilty of Bribing a Witness when that person confers, or offers or agrees to confer, any benefit upon a witness or a person about to be called as a witness in any action or proceeding upon an agreement or understanding that the testimony of such witness will thereby be influenced.

The following terms used in that definition have a special meaning:

BENEFIT means any gain or advantage to the beneficiary and includes any gain or advantage to a third person pursuant to the desire or consent of the beneficiary.1

AGREEMENT means a mutual agreement between a witness and a person who confers, or offers or agrees to confer, any benefit upon such witness, that such witness's testimony in an action or proceeding will thereby be influenced.2

UNDERSTANDING means at least a unilateral perception or belief by a person that a witness’s testimony in an action or proceeding will be influenced by that person’s conferring, offering to confer, or agreeing to confer a benefit upon that witness.3

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, each of the following three

1 Penal Law § 10.00(17).

2 *Cf. People v. Tran*, 80 N.Y.2d 170 (1992) (defining “agreement or understanding” in context of bribing a public servant).

3 *Id.*.

elements:

1. That on or about (*date*) (*specify*) was a witness or a person about to be called as a witness in an action or proceeding;
2. That on that date, in the county of (*county*) the defendant conferred, or offered or agreed to confer, a benefit upon (*specify*) ; and
3. That the defendant did so upon an agreement or understanding that (*specify’s*) testimony at such action or proceeding would thereby be influenced.

If you find the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt each of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of this crime.

If you find the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt any one or more of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of this crime.

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